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SUGGESTIONS FOR THE QUESTIONS OF A SUNDAY-
SCHOOL CATECHISM.

VI. SIN.

1. What is sin ?
2. Why do all men sin ?
3. Why is there a lower, baser part in all of us ?
4. How did it come there ?
5. How are we to rise out of it ?
6. Can we rise out of it by ourselves ?
7. How would you deny and kill your lower self ?
8. Why must God be against sin forever ?
9. Why must sin in all men in the end be overcome ?
10. Why are some things sins now which were not sins in people long ago ?

W. S. RAINSFORD.

ST. GEORGE'S RECTORY,
New York, N. Y.

1. What is sin ?
2. Why is every sin a sin against God ?
3. Into what two classes may all sins be divided ? [Omission and commission.]
4. How did sin enter the human race ?
5. Is God in any way responsible for the sinful state of men ?
6. Are all men by nature in a state of sin ?
7. How do we know that all men are sinful ?
8. How does God regard sin and sinful men ?
9. What are the effects of sin in this life ?
10. What is the penalty of sin hereafter ?

JESSE L. HURLBUT.

NEW YORK, N. Y.

1. What are we to understand by sin ?
2. What does the Old Testament principally teach as to the origin of human sin ?
3. What is the apostle Paul's teaching as to its origin ?
4. What one primal penalty does the law of God as revealed in the Bible pronounce upon sin ?
5. What other consequences has sin brought with it ?
6. What do the Old Testament prophets chiefly teach concerning men's responsibility and guilt ?

7. Name the principal sayings or teachings of Christ concerning the nature and the results of sin.
8. What does the apostle Paul chiefly teach as to men's personal sin and guilt?
9. On what grounds chiefly does God hold men personally accountable for all transgressions of his law?
10. What do the Scriptures teach us as to the attitude of God toward men in consequence of their sins?

WM. ARNOLD STEVENS.

ROCHESTER THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.

1. What is sin? Give some of the biblical definitions.
2. On what ground can guilt be said to result from the commission of sin?
3. How does sin affect man's relation to God?
4. How does sin affect man's relation to his fellow-man?
5. What did the law accomplish in freeing the race from the dominion of sin?
6. In what way does the gospel method of salvation from sin differ from that of the law?
7. In which was Christ the more deeply interested, in saving us from the punishment for sin or in redeeming us from the dominion of sin?
8. How does Christ save his people from their sins?
9. How does forgiveness affect the working of the law of retribution?
10. What is the effect of regeneration upon sin and the sinful impulse in man?

JOHN L. JACKSON.

CHICAGO, ILL.

1. What kind of actions does the law of Moses treat as sinful?
2. What kind of actions do the Old Testament prophets and sages denounce as sinful?
3. What sins do Jesus and the New Testament writers especially reprove?
4. What conception of sin is common to all biblical writers?
5. On what do Jesus and the New Testament writers base the responsibility of men for their sin?
6. What is the effect of sin on the sinner himself?
7. Are the consequences of sin limited to the sinner, or do they extend to others also?
8. How does sin affect the relation of the sinner to his fellow-men?
9. How does sin affect the sinner's relation to God?
10. To what two grave dangers does continuance in sin expose the sinner?

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